STATE OF WASHINGTON DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS SECURITIES DIVISION

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IN THE MATTER OF DETERMINING whether there has been a violation of the Securities Act of Washington by:

New Earth Renewable Energy Inc. and Ahava Amen, also known as Adolphus A. Allwood,

Respondents

Order No. S-10-289-11-SC01

STATEMENT OF CHARGES AND NOTICE OF INTENT TO ENTER AN ORDER TO CEASE AND DESIST, TO IMPOSE A FINE, AND TO CHARGE COSTS

THE STATE OF WASHINGTON TO:

New Earth Renewable Energy Inc. Ahava Amen

STATEMENT OF CHARGES

Please take notice that the Securities Administrator of the state of Washington has reason to believe that Respondents, New Earth Renewable Energy Inc. and Ahava Amen, have each violated the Securities Act of Washington and that their violations justify the entry of an order of the Securities Administrator under RCW 21.20.390 against each to cease and desist from such violations and to charge costs and under RCW 21.20.395 to impose a fine. The Securities Administrator finds as follows:

TENTATIVE FINDINGS OF FACT

Respondents

1. New Earth Renewable Energy Inc. ("New Earth") is a Washington corporation that was

incorporated on September 21, 2007. During at least 2008 and 2009, New Earth had its principal place of

business in Seattle, Washington. New Earth held itself out as the producer of "E-Coal" and "E-Oil,"

proprietary products that it represented were renewable and clean energy alternatives to fossil fuels. New

Earth represented that it would sell these products in commercial quantities to utility companies.

2. Ahava Amen ("Amen") held himself out as the President of New Earth. From a review of public

records, it appears that Amen has gone by several different names, including Adolph Amenra, Amen Ra STATEMENT OF CHARGES AND NOTICE 1 DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS OF INTENT TO ENTER AN ORDER TO CEASE AND DESIST, TO IMPOSE A FINE, AND TO CHARGE COSTS 0 DO BOX 9033 001ympia WA 98507-9033 360-902-8760 and Adolphus A. Allwood, which was his birth name. Amen does not have any formal scientific training. Prior to becoming the President of New Earth, Amen operated a henna tattoo parlor.

Internet Offers

3. During at least 2009 and 2010, New Earth maintained an Internet website at <u>www.newearth1.net</u> that had an informational brochure about the company. The brochure included pictures of an ECO Pyro-Torrefaction plant located in Canada, which it claimed was New Earth's plant and "the world's first operating commercial scale pyro-torrefaction production facility." The brochure included a section labeled "Opportunities," which stated that New Earth had "opportunities available in many different areas from partnerships to investment." The brochure also included a section labeled "Investments," which stated that New Earth had "numerous investment opportunities available to sincere investors." The "Investments" section also stated that New Earth wanted to secure 111 long-term supply contracts with global utilities and, once that was done, New Earth would be a Fortune 500 company, with a ranking around #240, and at that time New Earth intended to go public.

4. In a March 2, 2010 Internet posting in Biomassmagazine.com, Amen stated that New Earth had a 25,000-ton-per-year pilot plant in Canada for a proprietary ECO Pyro-Torrefaction process. Amen also stated that New Earth was "currently seeking a financial partner or investors to raise between \$60 million and \$80 million to construct a 500,000-ton-per-year industrial-scale facility."

Offer and Sale of Convertible Promissory Notes

5. During 2008 and 2009, Respondents offered and sold more than \$475,000 worth of convertible promissory notes to at least six investors, including at least two Washington investors. The promissory notes were issued by New Earth. The notes had terms ranging from sixty days to nine months. The notes had annual interest rates ranging from 10% to 15%. Respondents each represented to investors that the

notes could be converted into shares of stock in New Earth. Some notes had different conversion factors and some of the notes did not specify the conversion factor.

Misrepresentations and Omissions

6. When offering and selling New Earth convertible promissory notes, Respondents misrepresented to investors that New Earth owned an operational production plant that produced "E-Coal" and "E-Oil." Respondents each failed to disclose to investors that the plant was not operational on a commercial scale and that New Earth did not actually own the plant. New Earth negotiated an agreement with a Canadian company for purchasing its ECO Pyro-Torrefaction process, its processing equipment, and its processing plant (the building housing the equipment). Over time, New Earth finally completed the payments to purchase the equipment, but it never completed the payments to purchase the plant. Because New Earth did not own the plant, in order to use the equipment that it purchased, New Earth would have to pay to move and reassemble the equipment at another location. Respondents each failed to disclose to investors that there would be significant additional costs to remove, reassemble, and make the equipment operational, which the inventor of the process has estimated would cost approximately three million dollars.

7. When offering and selling at least one convertible promissory note, Respondents gave the investor a three-year business plan for New Earth. The business plan included financial projections. The projections showed that New Earth would have an after-tax profit of approximately \$225 million at the end of two years. The business plan did not provide any reasonable basis for the projections.

8. When offering and selling New Earth convertible promissory notes to investors, Respondents each failed to disclose significant risks of the investment. Respondents each failed to disclose that the Canadian plant that New Earth was trying to acquire had not produced any product on a large scale. Respondents each failed to disclose that the ECO Pyro-Torrefaction process was not patent protected and that the process was already in the public domain by the time that New Earth was incorporated. Respondents each failed to disclose the amount of funds that would be required to purchase and establish an operating ECO Pyro-Torrefaction manufacturing facility. Respondents each failed to disclose that New Earth might not raise adequate funds to purchase and establish an operating ECO Pyro-Torrefaction manufacturing facility. Respondents also failed to give the investors any financial statements for New Earth.

Misuse of Investor Funds

9. When offering and selling an \$80,000 convertible promissory note to a Washington investor, Respondents each represented to the investor that the proceeds from the sale of the note would be used solely for the down payment to the owner of the Pyro Vac Factory in Canada that New Earth was trying to purchase. However, based upon a review of the bank records for the account where the investor's funds were deposited, only \$2,000 of the investor's \$80,000 investment went to the owner of the factory. The remaining funds were expended for unauthorized purposes, including legal fees totaling more than \$6,000, cash withdrawals totaling more than \$17,500, travel expenses totaling more than \$7,500, furniture expenses totaling more than \$4,500, food purchases totaling more than \$1,300, clothing expenses totaling more than \$500, and other business operating expenses totaling more than \$33,000.

Registration Status

10. New Earth is not currently registered to sell its securities in the state of Washington and has not previously been so registered.

11. Ahava Amen is not currently registered as a securities salesperson or broker-dealer in the state of Washington and has not previously been so registered.

Based upon the above Findings of Fact, the following Conclusions of Law are made:

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

I.

The offer or sale of the investment opportunities and the convertible promissory notes that are described above constitute the offer or sale of a security, as defined in RCW 21.20.005(10) and (12).

II.

As set forth in the Tentative Findings of Fact, the Internet offers of said securities were made in violation of RCW 21.20.140, the securities registration section of the Securities Act of Washington, because no registration for such offer or sale was on file with the Washington Securities Administrator.

III.

As set forth in the Tentative Findings of Fact, Amen has violated RCW 21.20.040 by offering or selling said securities while not registered as a securities broker-dealer or securities salesperson in the state of Washington.

IV.

As set forth in the Tentative Findings of Fact, the offer and sale of said securities were made in violation of RCW 21.20.010, the anti-fraud section of the Securities Act of Washington, because, in connection with the offer and sale of said securities, Respondents each made untrue statements of a material fact or omitted to state material facts necessary in order to make the statements made, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

NOTICE OF INTENT TO ORDER RESPONDENTS TO CEASE AND DESIST

Pursuant to RCW 21.20.390, and based upon the Tentative Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, the Securities Administrator intends to order that Respondents, New Earth Renewable Energy Inc. and Ahava Amen, each shall cease and desist from any violation of RCW 21.20.010, 21.20.040, and RCW 21.20.140.

NOTICE OF INTENT TO IMPOSE A FINE

Pursuant to RCW 21.20.395, and based upon the Tentative Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, the Securities Administrator intends to order that Respondents, New Earth Renewable Energy Inc. and Ahava Amen, shall be jointly and severally liable for and shall pay a fine of \$10,000.

NOTICE OF INTENT TO CHARGE COSTS

Pursuant to RCW 21.20.390, and based upon the Tentative Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, the Securities Administrator intends to order that Respondents, New Earth Renewable Energy Inc. and Ahava Amen, shall be jointly and severally liable for and shall pay investigative costs of \$5,000.

AUTHORITY AND PROCEDURE

This Statement of Charges is entered pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 21.20 RCW and is subject to the provisions of Chapter 34.05 RCW. The respondents, New Earth Renewable Energy Inc. and Ahava Amen, may each make a written request for a hearing as set forth in the NOTICE OF OPPORTUNITY TO DEFEND AND OPPORTUNITY FOR HEARING accompanying this Statement of Charges. If a respondent does not make a hearing request in the time allowed, the Securities Administrator intends to adopt the above Tentative Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law as final and to enter a permanent order to cease and desist as to that respondent, to impose any fines sought against that respondent, and to charge any costs sought against that respondent.

WILLFUL VIOLATION OF THIS ORDER IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

Signed and Entered this <u>12th</u> day of <u>April</u>,

,2011

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WILLIAM M. BEATTY Securities Administrator

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